

CHEAP FOR CASH

500 DOORS (all sizes)

5000 SASH (all sizes)

1000 SASH PAINTED AND GLAZED.

Store Fronts and Blinds made to order

WARRANTED SEASONED.

PAINTS: White Lead, Pure, ENGLISH, do do

LINED OIL (pure) VARNISHES (pure turpentine)

BRUSHES AND COLORS (large assortment)

5000 Rolls Wall Paper,

200 ROLLS CURTAIN PAPER

all new and desirable patterns at reduced prices

WINDOW GLASS,

French and American, furnished by contract at Factory Prices.

REFINERS' GOODS.

GLUE, RUBBER PAINT, and WHITE LEAD GLAZE VARNISH PAINTS,

ROBIN and ROBIN OIL.

Reduced Prices.

Good and competent men furnished on short notice to Paint, Paper, Glaze, Hang Paper and House Painting all from this city.

OLMSTED & JEWELL.

No. 15 Spring Street.

All painting done by us warranted to stick.

Titusville Morning Herald.

This is the only paper between Pittsburg and Erie that receives the Associated Press Telegrams and Cable Dispatches.

Titusville, Tuesday, April 14, 1898.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

Republican County Committee Meeting.

The members of the Republican County Committee for Crawford county are requested to meet at the Court House in Meadville, on Tuesday, April 20, 1898, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of fixing the time of holding the Primary Meetings for the current year.

HENRY C. JOHNSON, Chairman.

Varieties.

Five hundred dollars, expended on Franklin street, will convert it into a very creditable structure.

Councilman Berran has commenced the erection of a two-story frame building opposite the Jauchtown store. It is to be twenty-four feet front by seventy deep, and is to cost \$3,000.

Five hundred dollars will pay for the opening of Martin street, from Pine to Diamond street, an improvement that ought to have been made a year ago.

Joseph having purchased the First National Bank building, is now engaged in making the necessary alterations on the first floor for the accommodation of his own increasing trade. It is the best business location in Titusville.

The Bal Masque, at Corinthian Hall, last evening, was a brilliant affair. The floor was at all times crowded, and there were nearly three hundred spectators. The costumes enhanced every conceivable style of dress, and the maskers presented a gay and picturesque appearance.

Some wagfish fellow, assuming to represent the Kuk-Kuk-Klan, left his imprint on the fence posts of quite a number of Republicans, Sunday night. The notification read, "Tyranis, beware—K. K. K." There was of course great consternation among the "tyrants" upon making the discovery.

Considerable excitement has been created at Van Wert, Ohio, by the discovery of crude oil issuing from the ground on creek bottom, inside the corporation. The oil comes up from what used to be a well, but which was filled up some years ago. Samples of the oil have been collected and sent to several refineries for examination.

The Republicans of Pittsburgh have selected Hon. Samuel A. Purviance and Col. John M. Thompson, delegates to Chicago, and pronounced in favor of Grant for the Presidency. A resolution in favor of Curtin for Vice President was tabled. The Convention denied the right of the State Convention to select delegates for the district.

Specimens of the new one, three, and five cent coins have been struck. They are composed of twenty-five per cent nickel and seventy-five per cent copper—the same proportions used for the present five cent piece. The new five cent pieces are the size of the present piece, the three cent pieces are somewhat smaller, and the penny pieces are rather smaller than the present copper pieces. The device on all of them is alike—on the side the head of the Goddess of Liberty, surrounded by the words "United States of America"; on the other side are the Roman numerals one, three, and five. The coin is very neat in appearance and convenient to handle.

The Best Laid Plans of Mice and Men Cannot Hide Them.—The truth of Burns' words were never more apparent than in an affair at our depot last Saturday evening. Soon after the arrival of the express at 6:41 p. m. of the day mentioned, seven or eight couples entered the rear passenger car, and shortly the news-boy brought word to Conductor G. W. Parsons, who was standing on the platform by the baggage car, that some men were insulting the ladies in the rear coach. To signal the brakemen and get to the scene of action was but the work of a moment, and as Mr. Parsons appeared at the front door of the car in question, the leader of the ladies exclaimed, "Here comes that damned Conductor, let's go for him!" Snatching their reds from their chaperons' hands, they went for him. But also for the vanity of human creatures! In less than three minutes No. 1 went hurtling out of the door and head first over the railing to the ground, his face looking like a well-pounded beefsteak. Hardly had he reached the ground when No. 2 came tumbling after him, his facial ornaments bearing the same marks of hard usage, and in less time than it takes to tell it there were three of them picking themselves up and trying to think whether a torpedo had exploded around their heads or whether they had been struck by lightning. The others made an equally hasty exit, one jumping clear over the railing at the rear of the car. Neither Conductor Parsons nor his assistants sustained any damage worth mentioning.

During the melee and while Mr. Parsons was holding a villain by the throat at Mrs. L. length backed up against the side of the car, an over-excited passenger who had witnessed the incident offered to the ladies, reached his arm around the conductor and presented a cocked revolver within a foot of the fellow's breast, and asked in words more excited than the privilege of shooting the conductor, and was barely prevented from carrying his summary proceeding into effect. Where the offending party hailed from is unknown. The ladies, Mr. Parsons, and some other persons are mentioned in their vicinity, but we hardly wish to slender the place enough to credit the statement.

The New Registry Law.

We published yesterday the new registry law. If the Legislature had done nothing else, it would have deserved to be honorably and gratefully remembered for this most salutary and useful enactment. The purity of the ballot-box is above estimation. Our republican institutions are based on the consent of the governed. To make the elective franchise intelligent, freedom of speech, of the press, of discussion, is established and secured by law. The simplest latitude of expression is allowed, persons being only responsible for the abuse of these rights for slander and libel. The count—the will of the people—as we said, is periodically expressed by the ballot. To allow force to pervert or fraud to stain that expression is to defeat that will, to belie, to defraud the people. Of course, only bad men from bad motives will stoop to such corrupt practices, or will connive at them. It is only the mercenary, the unscrupulous, or who will compromise the necessary safeguards thrown around the ballot-box, as the landmarks of tyranny. The Criminal Code, which prescribes death for the commission of murder, is not made for theft, for perjury, for treason, for the peaceable, the well disposed citizen, for he feels no propensity to violate law, but for the man who gives a loose rein to his violent passions, and has no respect for the rights of his neighbor. No good citizen will object to any slight personal inconvenience, to which he is subjected, to the formality of registration, if thereby fraudulent voting can be effectually prevented, or electively punished. Scarcely an election passes but we hear of illegal voting, or of the connivance often of the inspectors or judges of election in such frauds. This evil has become widespread, chronic. The new law is formed with a simplicity and ingenuity that none can misunderstand, and none can elude its provisions; the penalties are ample and the remedies of an easy and summary character. In due season we shall call attention to the manner and form of registration, a precaution which electors will do well to observe.

How Democratic Mr. Jorties are Manufactured.

If any one has doubted the necessity of a stringent registry law in the State of Pennsylvania, he has only to read the testimony laid before the Senate in the case of Robinson vs. Shugert. There were some very singular things connected with this case. The district elects two Senators, and extends from the top of the Allegheny mountain, at Galitzia, to the Susquehanna, within seven miles of Harrisburg. It is a Republican district, on a Jan vote, but (obviously) close, and was last represented by L. W. Hall and Kirk Holmes, Republicans. Last fall the Republicans nominated Mr. M. V. Vity, of Huntingdon, and Col. Robinson, of Juniata, and the Democrats nominated Mr. McIntyre, of Perry, and Mr. Shugert, of Center. McIntyre was declared elected by about 200 majority, and Shugert by 23 over Robinson. The Conferees who nominated M. Vity and Robinson passed a resolution in favor of a Free Railroad Law, and this, it is supposed, turned the whole force of the Pennsylvania road, (which traverses the entire district), against them, and so turned a Republican into a Democratic district.

Upon the Investigation Instituted into the Legality of Shugert's Election, the Following Developments have been Made:

1. That in one district in Clearfield county over sixty votes were cast by railroad voters upon forged impersonation papers.
2. That these votes were cast by railroad voters upon forged impersonation papers, a cast of seal of the Court of Common Pleas of that county being used to give them the semblance of being genuine, and that they were issued by those individuals who would vote the Democratic ticket.
3. That when the Senate Committee visited Luzerne county to search the records for the names of those voters in Clearfield county who presented impersonation papers bearing the seal of Luzerne county, allusion to the fact that the records could not be found, although it had been in the office only the day before.
4. That in Rush township, in one of the counties of the contested district, no order or writ was observed in conducting the election, and that, on opening the ballot box, in the Senate Committee room, not a ballot was found in it—nothing but old papers and fly leaves.
5. That the Committee, after searching Clearfield county over, was able to find but one of the 150 men who voted on the forged papers. That one frankly confessed he had been but ten months in the county, that he "couldn't" read any more than a "ladder," and that he voted the ticket that was given him; and this man, upon returning to his home in Clearfield county, was waylaid and cruelly murdered.
6. That O'Meara, the railroad boss who murdered some hands to vote the Democratic ticket upon forged papers, was paid \$500 by the Catholic priest to go to Canada and stay there until the investigation by the Senate was over; and that having gone there, according to agreement, was brought back by the Sergeant at Arms.
7. That Robinson was fairly elected by about 100 majority, and that McIntyre had been holding a seat all winter into which he was forced by Democratic fraud and chicanery. And finally,
8. That despatching of saving the slight member by the evidence, bribes were offered for a report in his favor.

But this was not effected. Mr. Shugert was compelled to vacate the seat, and Mr. Robinson, the rightful incumbent, was enabled to take possession.

Easter Day at St. James' Memorial Church.

Communion.

Those of our citizens who attended this church upon Sunday last, had the peculiar services of the Episcopal Church presented to them in all their impressiveness and beauty. The first and most prominent feature that met the eye upon entering the edifice was the elegant natural flowers arranged upon the communion table in two elegant bouquets set in vases, while in the baptismal font was what we may well term a magnificent display of "Flora" in all her luxuriant sweetness and beauty. The fragrance and elegance of these favorites of Nature's production, themselves preached a discourse that called upon us to raise our hearts to that Creator, the author alike of these silent witnesses of His love and power. Beautiful in themselves, representing all that is pure and lovely, they are employed in the church to set forth the great truth of the Resurrection. The eye had not tired of the beauty presented as before the service of the church began, when soon to the silent power over our senses and heart exerted by the flowers, came the equally powerful influence of music rendered on the part of the organist, Professor Fitzsimmons, with that masterly skill for which he is so well known and appreciated by all who have good music. But a few moments more and the grand and heart-touching strains of the chorale fell upon the ear, and the church was filled with the sounds of praise rendered both instrumentally and vocally in a manner that showed a full appreciation of it on the part of both the Professor and the choir. Following came a sermon by the rector, the Rev. Henry Pardon, which, as a literary effort, was a fine and careful production; as a sermon, appropriate and effective.

A collection was taken up at the close of the service to assist in providing a new library for the Sunday School, which amounted to \$46.21. In the afternoon the Sunday Schools held their Easter Festival, each class taking a name with an emblem and appropriate motto. The ceremonies here were very interesting and seemed to afford the scholars much gratification. Each class was separately called, and as they presented their offerings, the anthem was held in view of the school while the rector read the name, motto and verse, with the consent of their year's contribution. As class after class was called and

The Emblem Accumulated upon a Table Improved for the Purpose, the Interest of the children was well sustained to the close of the services.

There was present a large number of the congregation, as well as strangers during the ceremonies, who evinced almost as great an interest in them as those for whose especial pleasure they were devised, as may be understood from the request that the emblem be retained in position during the evening service of the church, to which he was pleased to accede.

The classes were called in the following order:

Miss Stewart's class—"Followers of the Cross"

Emblem, a handsome evergreen cross framed; motto—"I am Jesus' Little Lamb."

Miss Fuller's class—"Soldiers of the Cross"

Emblem, a white banner with red cross emblem; motto—"Our weapons are not carnal, but mighty through God."

Right on, ye little soldiers!

For the banner is your Captain's!

And he hath vanquished us!

Miss J. Crocker's class—"Beds of Promise"

Emblem, basket of natural flowers; motto—"Suffer little children and forbid them not to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

Youth who devoted to the Lord,

A life in His eyes;

A flower, though offered in the bud

And the banner is your Captain's!

Along time's way shall draw.

Total offerings of the Infant School \$10.00.

Miss Rogers' class—"Willing Hearts"

Emblem, a blue banner with cross, anchor and heart emblemized; motto—"And now abideth Faith, Hope, Charity, but the greatest of these is Charity."

Offering \$10.00.

Miss Davis' class—"Children of Hope"

Emblem, an anchor resting upon a rock; motto—"Which hope we have as an anchor of the soul, both sure and steadfast."

Children of Hope

And ye who have not yet appeared

Let on the wings of love be blown

And bring redemption near.

Miss J. Fuller's class—"Grass Seekers"

Emblem, a cross and crown; motto—"And when the Chief Shepherd shall appear we shall receive a crown of glory that fadeth not away."

Must Jesus bear the cross alone

And all the while we sleep?

No, there's a crown for every one

And there's a crown for me.

The consecrated cross I'll bear

I'll do all that I can

And the good home my crown to wear

For there's a crown for me.

Upon the crystal pavement; down

At Jesus' sacred feet,

Joyful I'll wait my golden crown

And His dear name repeat.

Offering \$12.50.

Miss Crocker's class—"Bishop Kerfoot"

Emblem, an open Bible; motto—"Thy word is a lamp unto my feet and a light unto my path."

Great God, with wonder and with praise

O praise thy name, O praise thy name

But still thy wisdom, power and grace

Shine brightly in thy people's eyes.

Offering \$11.00.

Miss Stull's class—"The Rev. Dr. Huntington"

Emblem, a cross of evergreen and natural flowers; motto—"Who shall separate us from the love of Christ?" Offering \$18.55.

Mrs. Ames' class—"Spring flowers"

Emblem, basket of natural flowers; motto—"Purity."

"Blessed are the pure in heart for they shall see God."

In all places there are in all seasons

Flowers expand their light and soul-like wings,

Teaching us to love and to be true

How akin they are to human things.

And with childlike tender affection

We behold their radiant buds expand;

Rejoicing of our own great restoration,

Sublimed the light and better land.

Offering \$23.85.

Miss Townsend's class—"The Rev. Wm. H. Lewis, the beloved Rector, Christ Church, Watertown, Connecticut"

Emblem, a model of St. James Memorial Church; motto—"The Church of the living God, the pillar and ground of the truth."

"For the church—the holy church"

That shepherds the flock and the lamb

And many an hour has been

He has through life, to live in her,

As a child when the lamb is led

To die in her—his spouse of Christ,

The mother of us all."

Offering \$61.30.

For Memorial Window or Sunday School Library, at the discretion of the Rector.

Mr. J. Abbott's—"Bishop Bowman's class"

Emblem—A model window for church. Motto—"And let the beauty of the Lord our God be upon us; and establish that work of our hands upon us; yea, the work of our hands establish that work."

"Within—behold the promise of grace,

Fair as the rainbow, and true as the star,

To lead us to the holy place

And to the Father's throne above."

With flowers of heaven and earth lights

Yea—glorious banner and eagle lights

That show a glory and a light

With floral border bound;

Yea—glorious banner and eagle lights

That show a glory and a light

With floral border bound;

Yea—glorious banner and eagle lights

That show a glory and a light

With floral border bound;

Yea—glorious banner and eagle lights

That show a glory and a light

THE OIL BUSINESS.

Shipments—Production—Stocks—Exports.

FIRST QUARTERLY REPORT.

JANUARY 1, TO APRIL 8, 1898.

REMARKS.

Since the commencement of the year the condition of the petroleum business and the general tone of the markets have undergone a marked and not wholly unexpected improvement. During the early part of January the reaction consequent upon the heavy speculation of last year was exerting its full influence, and the trade was as nearly paralyzed as it well could be. Every branch and department was greatly depressed and many of the leading houses were looked upon with distrust. Failures of firms which had dealt largely were of almost daily occurrence, and from the manner in which the business had been conducted, the failure of one firm effected to a greater or less extent the standing of every other. Nearly every indication of the future seemed to intimate that there would be an extended period of depression and financial embarrassment. But notwithstanding the unfavorable indications and appearances there was something of a revival by the fifteenth of January, and contrary to general expectation, before that month was out, the markets and the trade presented a more substantial appearance. There has since been a gradual and decided improvement. The prices have advanced materially, and dealers are entering into contracts with confidence in the fulfillment of their provisions. In fact, the face of affairs has been about wholly changed, and the distrust and hesitation which characterized the operations during the early part of the year have given way to a fair degree of confidence and energy. This change from a state of almost complete prostration to one of vitality and animation, was as unlooked for as it is encouraging, and although the present condition of the trade is not as favorable as could be wished, still, when the adverse circumstances attending the business at the commencement of the year and the actual improvement that has been made are considered, it must be admitted that the strength of the trade is much greater than was generally supposed.

THE SHIPMENTS.

The total shipment from the region by all routes from January 1st to April 8th was eight hundred and thirty-eight thousand two hundred and sixty-four barrels, of forty-three gallons each. The shipment to Pittsburgh and to refineries along the Allegheny River between that point and the mouth of the Kiskimuntus River, have been of barrels of forty-three gallons each, while those to all other places have been of forty-five gallons to the barrel. The shipment to other points than the five principal markets, reached fifty-eight thousand one hundred and nineteen barrels. Of the shipment to these points, about fifteen thousand barrels were to Baltimore, four thousand to Portland, Me., six thousand to Buffalo, and the remainder to Erie, Toledo, and to refineries along the Philadelphia and Erie, New York and Erie, Pennsylvania Central, and New York Central Railroads.

The following tables give a detailed account of all the shipments from the region, from January 1st to April 8th.

Of Crude and Refined from Tidoube by the Empire Line:

To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	
For January, bbls.	1,225	6,579	12,048	20,852
" February "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
" March "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
To April 8th "	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456
Total, bbls.	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456

Of Crude and Refined from Oil City by the Atlantic and Great Western Railway:

To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	
For January, bbls.	212	36,427	36,639	73,258
" February "	212	36,427	36,639	73,258
" March "	212	36,427	36,639	73,258
To April 8th "	636	109,281	109,905	219,822
Total, bbls.	636	109,281	109,905	219,822

The Shipments of Crude from all points by water and the Allegheny Valley Railroad to Pittsburgh and to refineries between that place and the mouth of the Kiskimuntus River from January 1st to April 8th, reached 205,222 barrels.

Of Crude and Refined by the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway from all stations:

To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	
For January, bbls.	1,225	6,579	12,048	20,852
" February "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
" March "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
To April 8th "	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456
Total, bbls.	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456

RECAPITULATION.

Total shipments of Crude and Refined by Empire Line from Oil City and Tidoube, by the Oil Creek and Allegheny River and Atlantic and Great Western Railways, by water and the Allegheny Valley Railroad to Pittsburgh and to refineries above that point, and of refined from Oil City, Henry's Bend, Pithole, Franklin and Reno, were:

To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	To New York, bbls.	
For January, bbls.	1,225	6,579	12,048	20,852
" February "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
" March "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
To April 8th "	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456
Total, bbls.	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456

The production from January 1st to April 8th, including the amounts consumed here for fuel or the loss from leakage, leakage, etc., has reached nearly one hundred and ten thousand barrels, or an average daily production for the ninety-eight days of nine thousand two hundred and eighty barrels. This production is shown by the total shipment from the region, the loss by fire, the increase of stock held on April 7th over that held on January 1st, and the difference between Crude and Refined included in the shipments. The loss by fire during the quarter has been a light in comparison with other periods, and it has not reached over seven thousand barrels. Of this amount five thousand barrels were burned in the Tidoube district, and two thousand on the W. McCollum Farm and on Bennetts Run.

With the amount lost by fire deducted, the total production available to the outside markets has been nine hundred and two thousand seven hundred and twenty barrels.

The following is a statement of the total production available to the outside markets inclusive of the amount lost by fire:

Total shipment, bbls.	Total shipment, bbls.	Total shipment, bbls.	Total shipment, bbls.	
Total shipment, bbls.	1,225	6,579	12,048	20,852
" February "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
" March "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
To April 8th "	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456
Total, bbls.	3,875	19,737	36,144	62,456

STOCKS.

The following is a statement of the stocks held in the oil region in iron tanks, bulk boats, wooden storage tanks, and on the heads of producers, brokers, and shippers, on January 1st and April 7th, 1898:

On Jan. 1st, bbls.	On Jan. 1st, bbls.	On Jan. 1st, bbls.	On Jan. 1st, bbls.	
On Jan. 1st, bbls.	1,225	6,579	12,048	20,852
" February "	1,325	6,579	12,048	20,852
" March "				

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MARCH 2, 1898
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.. 12 45 P M

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